REPORT OF AUDIT Year Ended June 30, 2009

CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	<u>Page</u> 1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-7
Basiċ Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	14
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19-32
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	33
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34
Statements of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balances - Activity Funds	35-37
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	38-40
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	41

CONTENTS

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	<u>Page</u> 42
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	43-44
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	45-46
Independent Auditor's Management Letter Points	47

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 15, 2009

Members of the Board of Education Corbin Independent School District Corbin, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corbin Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corbin Independent School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the provisions of <u>Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-133</u>, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, <u>Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – General Audit Requirements</u>, <u>Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements</u>, and <u>Appendix III to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Electronic Submission</u>. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corbin Independent School District as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2009, on our consideration of Corbin Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Marr, Miller & Myers, PSC

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corbin Independent School District's basic financial statements. The additional information shown on pages 33 through 47 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 38 through 40 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

The management of the Corbin Independent School District (District) offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to review the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REVIEW OF THE YEAR

- Math District Priority Corbin Independent, in making math a priority, begin developing end of grade exit exams
 identifying the minimum math content that students must master to be successful at the next grade level. During
 the 2009-2010 school year, students not meeting mastery will be provided recovery sessions through various
 school programs.
- **EKU Fellows Program** Corbin Independent became partners with Eastern Kentucky University through the **EKU Fellows Program**. This program provided university faculty to work directly in P-12 settings over a 3-year period to assist the local school staff. This partnership arrangement is provided to the district at no cost. Corbin schools and EKU professor Dr. Bob Thomas developed "automaticity skills tests" in grades K-10. Once students are identified, various intervention programs will be used to improve student achievement.
- <u>ACT</u> The ACT is a required component of the Commonwealth Accountability Testing System. In 2009, Corbin High School received a composite ACT score of 19.0 for the 188 students in the 11th grade. Corbin's ACT score at 19.0 compares with 18.2 statewide ACT score. The 188 students is an increase of 20 students as compared with 2008.
- <u>Study Island</u> Corbin Middle School and Corbin Primary utilized a computer based program called "Study Island" to provide remediation and enrichment in the core subject areas of math, reading, science and social studies
- <u>Carnegie Math</u> Corbin High School adopted the Carnegie Learning Blended Math Curricula for Algebra I and geometry classes. This program provides a model for core math instruction that is comprised of Carnegie Learning Textbooks and Cognitive Tutor Software. Students are involved in three days of collaborative learning in the classroom and two days learning using technology. This program will be expanded to higher math classes in 2009-2010.
- <u>Learning Bridge Program</u> Corbin High School also adopted the Carnegie Learning Bridge to Algebra to help students develop a strong conceptual understanding of mathematics through multiple representations. It is designed as a pre-requisite course for Algebra I.
- Project Lead the Way The Project Lead the Way program has been implemented at Corbin High School and
 Corbin Middle School by successfully receiving a competitive grant through the Kentucky Department of
 Education. This program is a pre-engineering curriculum to promote math and science skills that allow student to
 enter into an engineering program at a major university. Successful students receive college credit at most higher
 education institutions.
- <u>CHS Soccer Field</u> An exemplary soccer complex with a regulation field was completed in time for the opening
 of the 2009 soccer season. More improvements will be made to include a community concession/dressing
 facility, additional seating, and grass seeding for the areas in and around the playing field.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

- <u>Grants</u> The Corbin Independent School District received \$1,159,986 in competitive and sustaining grants for the 2008-2009 school year. These funds provide support services such as after school enrichment and remediation services, summer learning programs, PRIDE grants and safe school initiatives.
- <u>Communications/Theater Programs</u> These services are school-based enterprise initiatives that help fund student employees, and in turn teach the participants entrepreneurial skills for operating a business. The theater program had great success this year, providing three stage productions which included <u>Sweeney Todd</u>, the Tony award-winning musical.
- <u>Infinite Campus</u> The Corbin Independent School District transitioned to the student data management system, Infinite Campus. This internet-based program provides a comprehensive database for teachers, maintaining grades, transcripts, lesson plans and other information vital in school operations. The program will also provide a parent portal system, allowing parents to access information on their children.
- 21st Century Programs Corbin High School afterschool program received the 2008 Kentucky Award of
 Excellence. The Primary and Elementary programs were featured in a special documentary by the United States
 Department of Education that was shown on the June broadcast of the television program Education News
 Parents Can Use. Program Director Karen West was a featured panelist to discuss the characteristics that make
 Redhound Enrichment successful. The summer program was the subject of a special feature story in Kentucky
 Teacher.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$2,865,722 in 2009 and \$3,605,923 in 2008. The cash balances include \$32,040 and \$38,998 for 2009 and 2008, respectively, reserved for debt service payments. In 2009 and 2008, cash of \$1,452,171 and \$1,530,035, respectively, was reserved for capital projects.
- The district experienced a decrease in interest income in 2008-09 of \$349,182. This was due to the decrease of available cash, which was expended on facilities acquisition and construction.
- The General Fund had \$16,683,879 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK) and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers, there were \$16,626,015 in General Fund expenditures.
- When funds are available, the District may use cash or sell bonds to build or renovate facilities within the school district. The projects must be identified on the District Facility Plan.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and management of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The proprietary funds are vending and food service operations and day care operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 32 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, general equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Net Assets for the period ending June 30, 2009

Fiscal year 2009 government-wide net assets compared to 2008 are as follows:

Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	2009 \$ 3,535,668 26,562,491 \$ 30,098,159	2008 \$ 4,324,126 _ 25,925,154 \$ 30,249,280
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 1,292,912 <u>16,592,583</u> <u>\$ 17,885,495</u>	\$ 2,058,305 <u>17,316,870</u> <u>\$ 19,375,175</u>
Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$ 9,423,469 1,454,295 1,334,900 <u>\$ 12,212,664</u>	\$ 8,047,723 1,467,643 1,358,739 \$ 10,874,105

The District had an overall decrease in unrestricted net assets of \$23,839, comprised of a decrease in business-type activities of \$4,051 and a decrease in governmental activities of \$19,788.

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenditures, Governmental Funds only, for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	<u>2009</u>	<u>Percent</u>	2008	<u>Percent</u>
REVENUES				
Local revenue sources	\$ 3,600,580	16.36%	\$ 3,908,961	18.55%
State revenue sources	16,451,390	74.76	15,313,702	72.65
Federal sources	1,952,972	8.88	<u>1,854,649</u>	8.80
Total revenues	22,004,942	100.00	21,077,312	100.00
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	13,905,443	63.19	13,660,130	64.81
Student support services	220,460	1.00	181,865	.87
Instructional staff	511,882	2.33	443,683	2.11
District administration	846,970	3.85	746,003	3.54
School administration	1,148,758	5.22	995,763	4.73
Business	495,009	2.25	449,272	2.13
Plant operation and management	1,779,856	8.09	1,415,569	6.72
Student transportation	599,322	2.72	582,310	2.76
Other instructional	13,864	.06	24,152	.11
Facilities acquisition and construction	845,060	3.84	11,603,917	55.05
Community services activities	209,484	.96	188,580	.89
Debt service	<u>1,431,966</u>	6.51	<u>1,515,679</u>	<u>7.19</u>
Total expenditures	22,008,074	<u> 100.02</u>	<u>31,806,923</u>	<u> 150.91</u>
Excess revenues (expenditures)	<u>\$ (3,132)</u>	<u>(.02</u>)%	<u>\$(10,729,611</u>)	<u>(50.91</u>)%

The majority of the District's revenue was derived from state revenue sources making up 74.76% of their revenue in 2009 as compared to 72.65% in 2008. Local revenue sources comprised 16.36% of total revenue in 2009 as compared to 18.55% in 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Instructional expenditures comprised 63.19% of the District's expenses for 2009 as compared to 64.81% in 2008. Plant operation and management was the largest consumption of revenues at 8.09% in 2009 as compared to 6.72% in 2008.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were \$16,683,879.
- General fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$3,914,173 more than budget or 30.65%. This is due primarily to recording on-behalf payments made by the State of Kentucky of \$3,131,150 that were not budgeted. When these are eliminated, revenues compared to budget were \$783,023 or 6.13% more than anticipated.
- The total cost of all general fund programs and services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was \$16,626,015.
- General fund budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$2,508,863 more than budget or 17.77%. This is due primarily to recording onbehalf payments made by the State of Kentucky of \$3,131,150 that were not budgeted. When these are eliminated, expenditures compared to budget were \$622,287 or 4.41% less than anticipated.

FUTURE BUDGET IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2009-2010 with a 3.4% contingency. Board action that impacts the finances includes:

- Board match up to 1% of the employees' gross salary in the Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Match Program.
- Converting unused emergency days to sick leave.
- Stipend pay for workshop presentations and attending summer academies.
- Unfunded State salary requirements.
- Expanding technology.
- Board match on Offers of Assistance from SFCC and Technology.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent (606) 528-1303 or to Alicia Logan, Director of Financial Services (606) 528-1303 or by mail at 108 Roy Kidd Avenue, Corbin, KY 40701.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,677,024	\$ 188,698	\$ 2,865,722
Accounts receivable:			
Taxes - current	92,863	-	92,863
Accounts receivable	17,500	19,455	36,955
Intergovernmental - state	147,946	<u>-</u>	147,946
Intergovernmental - federal	267,292	90,580	357,872
Materials and supplies inventory		<u>34,310</u>	34,310
Total current assets	3,202,625	333,043	<u>3,535,668</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital assets, net	<u>26,354,621</u>	207,870	<u>26,562,491</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>26,354,621</u>	207,870	<u>26,562,491</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	29,557,246	<u>540,913</u>	30,098,159
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CUR R ENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	139,940	4,356	144,296
Accrued expenses	30,264	-	30,264
Deferred revenue	92,464	-	92,464
Construction contracts retainage	98,000	-	98,000
Current portion of bond obligations	696,000	-	696,000
Current portion of lease obligations	66,409	-	66,409
Current portion of accrued sick leave	<u>165,479</u>		<u> 165,479</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>1,288,556</u>	<u>4,356</u>	<u>1,292,912</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		·	
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations	16,277,000	-	16,277,000
Noncurrent portion of lease obligations	99,613	-	99,613
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	<u>215,970</u>	_	215,970
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>16,592,583</u>		<u>16,592,583</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> 17,881,139</u>	4,356	17,885,495
NET ASSETS			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	9,215,599	207,870	9,423,469
Restricted for:			
Accrued sick leave	68,084	-	68,084
Debt service	32,040	-	32,040
Capital projects	1,354,171	-	1,354,171
Unrestricted	<u>1,006,213</u>	<u>328,687</u>	<u>1,334,900</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 11,676,107</u>	<u>\$ 536,557</u>	<u>\$ 12,212,664</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2009

NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND PROGRAM REVENUES **CHANGES IN NET ASSETS** Charges for Operating Capital Services Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type **FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Expenses** and Sales Contributions **Contributions Activities** Activities <u>Total</u> **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:** Instruction \$ 14,307,941 \$ 23,620 \$ 2,661,279 \$ \$(11,623,042) \$(11,623,042) Support services: Student 221,619 (221,619)(221,619)Instructional staff 513,398 60,331 (453,067)(453.067)District administration 706,558 (706.558) (706.558)School administration 1.149.761 91,507 (1,058,254)(1,058,254)Business 467,714 (467,714)(467,714)Plant operation and management 1,776,249 (1,776,249)(1,776,249)Student transportation 552,075 9,630 (542,445)(542,445)Other instructional 13,864 (13.864)(13.864)Facilities acquisition and construction 59.807 1,374,638 1,314,831 1,314,831 Community services activities 213,814 209,484 (4,330)(4,330)Interest on long-term debt 693,558 (693,558)(693.558)TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 20,676,358 23,620 \$ 3.032,231 \$ 1,374,638 (16,245,869)(16,245,869) **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:** \$ 1,438,438 \$ 504,574 828,392 \$ (105,472) Food service \$ \$ (105,472)378,313 (13,784)Day care 409,712 17,615 (13.784)TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES \$ 1,848,150 882,887 846,007 (119, 256)(119, 256)\$ 22,524,508 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 906,507 \$ 3.878.238 \$ 1,374,638 (16,365,125) **GENERAL REVENUES** Taxes 2,290,761 Property 2.290.761 Motor vehicle 423.356 423.356 Utilities 626,470 626,470 Revenue in lieu of taxes state and local 36,360 36,360 State and formula grants 13,973,873 123,714 14,097,587 Earnings on investments 83,024 5,517 88.541 Other local revenues 140,609 140,609 Total general revenues 17,574,453 129,231 17,703,684 1,328,584 1,338,559 Change in net assets 9,975 Net assets, July 1, 2008 10,347,523 526,582 10,874,105 Net assets, June 30, 2009 \$ 12,212,664 \$ 11,676,107 536,557

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

ACCETO AND DECOUDOES	General <u>Fund</u>	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS AND RESOURCES Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,465,263	\$ (272,450)	\$ 1,484,211	\$ 2,677,024
Accounts receivable:				
Taxes - current	92,863	-	-	92,863
Accounts receivable	17,369	131	-	17,500
Intergovernmental - state	49,075	98,871	-	147,946
Intergovernmental - federal		<u>267,292</u>	-	<u>267,292</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	<u>\$ 1,624,570</u>	<u>\$ 93,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,211</u>	<u>\$ 3,202,625</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 138,560	\$ 1,380	\$ -	\$ 139,940
Accrued expenses	30,264	-	•	30,264
Deferred revenue	, -	92,464	-	92,464
Construction contracts retainage	-	· -	98,000	98,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	168,824	93,844	98,000	360,668
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved:				
Accrued sick leave	68,084	-	-	68,084
Unreserved, reported in:				
General fund	1,387,662	ata.	-	1,387,662
Debt service fund	-	-	32,040	32,040
Capital projects funds			<u>1,354,171</u>	<u>1,354,171</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>1,455,746</u>		<u>1,386,211</u>	<u>2,841,957</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND				
BALANCES	\$ 1,624,570	<u>\$ 93,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,211</u>	<u>\$ 3,202,625</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

Total Fund Balances per fund financial statements

\$ 2,841,957

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net assets

26,354,621

Certain liabilities, such as accrued sick leave, bonds payable and lease obligations are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable in the current period, but they are presented in the statement of net assets:

Accrued sick leave Bonds payable Lease obligations \$ (381,449) (16,973,000) (166,022) _(17,

(17,520,471)

Total Net Assets for Governmental Activities

\$ 11,676,107

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund	Special <u>Revenue</u>
REVENUES		
From local sources:		
Taxes		
Property	\$ 1,535,841	\$ -
Motor vehicle	423,356	-
Utilities	626,470	-
Revenue in lieu of taxes - state and local	36,360	-
Tuition and fees	8,580	-
Earnings on investments	68,592	-
Other local revenues	132,029	4 000 200
Intergovernmental - state	13,852,651	1,099,398
Intergovernmental - federal TOTAL REVENUES	16,683,879	<u>1,952,972</u> 3,052,370
TOTAL REVENUES	10,003,079	3,002,370
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction	11,196,516	2,708,927
Support services:		
Student	220,460	-
Instructional staff	451,551	60,331
District administration	846,970	-
School administration	1,057,251	91,507
Business	495,009	-
Plant operation and management	1,708,433	- 0.000
Student transportation	589,692	9,630
Other instructional	13,864	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	- 209,484
Community services activities	-	209,404
Payment of bonds/debt service Payment of lease obligation	46,269	20,139
Payment of lease obligation Payment of interest	40,209	20, 109
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,626,015	3,100,018
TOTAL EXILENDITORES	10,020,010	0,100,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	57,864	(47,648)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Operating transfers in	-	47,648
Operating transfers out	(47,648)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(47,648)	47,648
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	10,216	-
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2008	1,445,530	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2009	<u>\$ 1,455,746</u>	<u>\$</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ 754,920 - - - - 14,432	\$ 2,290,761 423,356 626,470 36,360 8,580 83,024 132,029
1,499,341	16,451,390
<u>2,268,693</u>	1,952,972 22,004,942
-	13,905,443
-	220,460
-	511,882
-	846,970
-	1,148,758
74 400	495,009
71,423	1,779,856 599,322
-	13,864
845,060	845,060
-	209,484
672,000	672,000
· -	66,408
<u>693,558</u>	<u>693,558</u>
2,282,041	22,008,074
(13,348)	(3,132)
2,658,049	2,705,697
<u>(2,658,049</u>)	<u>(2,705,697</u>)
(13,348)	(3,132)
1,399,559	2,845,089
<u>\$ 1,386,211</u>	<u>\$ 2,841,957</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total Net Change In Fund Balances – per fund financial statements			\$	(3,132)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	\$	(781,550)		
Depreciation Capital outlays	Ψ.	1,404,861		623,311
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.				672,000
Payment on the lease obligation is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces noncurrent lease obligations in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.				66,408
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Accrued sick leave			_	(30,003)
Change In Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$	1,328,584

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Dudanta	4.0		Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts	_ Astual	Favorable or (Unfavorable)
DEVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Ulliavorable)
REVENUES From local sources:				
Taxes				
	\$ 1,394,000	\$ 1,394,000	\$ 1,535,841	\$ 141,841
Property		350,000	423,356	73,356
Motor vehicle Utilities	350,000	490,000	626,470	136,470
	490,000	490,000	020,470	130,470
Revenue in lieu of taxes - state and	00.444	20.444	26.260	(2.051)
local	39,411	39,411	36,360	(3,051)
Tuition and fees	6,000	6,000	8,580	2,580
Earnings on investments	70,000	70,000	68,592	(1,408)
Other local revenues	66,806	85,806	132,029	46,223
Intergovernmental - state	10,318,489	10,318,489	13,852,651	3,534,162
Intergovernmental - federal	<u> 16,000</u>	<u> 16,000</u>	-	(16,000)
TOTAL REVENUES	12,750,706	<u> 12,769,706</u>	<u> 16,683,879</u>	3,914,173
,				
EXPENDITURES	0.750.750	0.754.574	44 400 540	(0.444.045)
Instruction	8,758,752	8,754,571	11,196,516	(2,441,945)
Support services:			222 122	(00.004)
Student	188,376	188,376	220,460	(32,084)
Instructional staff	398,880	398,880	451,551	(52,671)
District administration	624,798	624,798	846,970	(222,172)
School administration	923,682	921,682	1,057,251	(135,569)
Business	418,276	418,276	495,009	(76,733)
Plant operation and management	1,546,898	1,546,898	1,708,433	(161,535)
Student transportation	557,946	572,127	589,692	(17,565)
Other instructional	13,960	13,960	13,864	96
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Payment of lease obligation	46,269	46,269	46,269	-
Contingency	619,315	630,315	<u> </u>	630,315
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,098,152	14,117,152	16,626,015	(2,508,863)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(1,347,446)	(1,347,446)	57,864	1,405,310
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers out	(30,000)	(30,000)	<u>(47,648</u>)	<u>(17,648)</u>
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(1,377,446)	(1,377,446)	10,216	1,387,662
FIND DALANCE HUNG COOC	4 077 440	4 277 440	4 445 500	60 004
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2008	<u>1,377,446</u>	1,377,446	1,445,530	68,084
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$ 1,455,746</u>	<u>\$ 1,455,746</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2009

ASSETS Service Day Care Total CURRENT ASSETS \$ 145,428 \$ 43,270 \$ 188,698 Materials and supplies inventory 34,310 - 34,310 Accounts receivable: 17,196 2,259 19,455 Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580 - 90,580
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 145,428 \$ 43,270 \$ 188,698 Materials and supplies inventory 34,310 - 34,310 Accounts receivable: 17,196 2,259 19,455 Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580 - 90,580
Materials and supplies inventory 34,310 - 34,310 Accounts receivable: 17,196 2,259 19,455 Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580
Accounts receivable: 17,196 2,259 19,455 Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580
Accounts receivable 17,196 2,259 19,455 Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580
Intergovernmental - federal 90,580 - 90,580
Total current assets <u>287,514</u> <u>45,529</u> <u>333,043</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS
Capital assets, net
TOTAL ASSETS 495,384 45,529 540,913
LIABILITIES AND <u>NET ASSETS</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES
Accounts payable
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,356 - 4,356
NET ASSETS
Investment in capital assets 207,870 - 207,870
Unrestricted 283,158 45,529 328,687
TOTAL NET ASSETS \$ 491,028 \$ 45,529 \$ 536,557

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Food Service	Day Care	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	c	¢ 270.242	\$ 378,313
Tuition and fees Sales	\$ - 504, <u>574</u>	\$ 378,313	504,574
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	504,574	378,313	882,887
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	474,237	242,041	716,278
Employee benefits	175,281	80,696	255,977
Purchased services	18,878	15,975	34,853
Supplies and materials	743,780	67,210	810,990
Depreciation	24,536	-	24,536
Other operating expenses	<u> 1,726</u>	<u>3,790</u>	5,516
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>1,438,438</u>	409,712	<u>1,848,150</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(933,864)	(31,399)	(965,263)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Operating grants-federal	813,678	-	813,678
Operating grants-state	14,714	17,615	32,329
Interest income	5,517	-	5,517
Intergovernmental - state	<u>79,426</u>	<u>44,288</u>	<u>123,714</u>
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>913,335</u>	61,903	<u>975,238</u>
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	(20,529)	30,504	9,975
NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2008	511,557	<u>15,025</u>	526,582
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2009	<u>\$ 491,028</u>	\$ 45,529	<u>\$ 536,557</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

CACHELOWIC FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES	Food Service	Day Care	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tuition and fees	\$ -	\$ 376,054	\$ 376,054
Cash received from sales	497,327	- (242.041)	497,327
Cash payments for salaries Cash payments for employee benefits	(474,237) (175,281)	(242,041) (80,696)	(716,278) (255,977)
Cash payments for purchased services	(18,878)	(15,975)	(34,853)
Cash payments for supplies and materials	(752,180)	(67,210)	(819,390)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	<u>(1,726)</u>	(3,790)	<u>(5,516)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(924,975</u>)	(33,658)	(958,633)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of capital assets	(38,562)	_	(38,562)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt of interest	5,517	-	5,517
Receipt of grants	966,181	61,903	1,028,084
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>971,698</u>	61,903	1,033,601
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS	8,161	28,245	36,406
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1, 2008	137,267	15,025	152,292
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2009	<u>\$ 145,428</u>	<u>\$ 43,270</u>	<u>\$ 188,698</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (933,864)	\$ (31,399)	\$ (965,263)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Depreciation	24,536	-	24,536
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(= 0.45)	(0.050)	(0.500)
Accounts receivable	(7,247) (5,943)	(2,259)	(9,506) (5,843)
Inventory Accounts payable	(5,843) (2,557)	<u>-</u>	(2,557)
•			,
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING	¢ (024.075)	\$ (33,65 <u>8</u>)	\$ (958,633)
ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (924,975)</u>	<u>\$ (33,658</u>)	<u> </u>
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Donated commodities received from federal government On-behalf payments from state government The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial sta	atements.		\$ 57,554 \$ 123,714

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

CUDDENT ASSETS	<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>AGENCY</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 154,797 <u>421</u> 155,218
CUDDENT LIADULTIC	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable		11,015
Due to students TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>144,203</u> 155,218
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
NET ASSETS		<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies that affect the significant elements of the Corbin Independent School District are summarized as follows:

REPORTING ENTITY

The Corbin Independent Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Corbin Independent School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Corbin Independent School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the District. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statement of the following organization is included in the accompanying financial statements:

CORBIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corbin Independent Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Corbin Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Board Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board members of the Corbin Independent Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes and revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Their focus is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund's operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report on pages 38 through 40. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by the Proprietary Fund).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

(D) Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds)

(A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

(B) The Day Care Fund is used to account for the day care operations of the District. The Day Care Fund is a major fund.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency Funds)

(A) The Agency fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</u>.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either modified accrual for governmental funds or accrual basis for proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Revenues, Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions: Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the fiscal year when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue: The District reports deferred revenue on its statement of net assets and governmental funds balance sheet. In both the government-wide and governmental fund statements, grants that are intended to finance future periods are reported as deferred revenue. In subsequent periods, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures/Expenses: On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. The cash and investment pool has the same characteristics as demand deposits. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents in that fund. The District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The monies are either maintained in a central bank account or used to purchase legal investments.

It is the policy of the District to value investment contracts and money market investments with a maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase at cost or amortized cost. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase are reported at fair value.

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorized the District to invest in United States and State of Kentucky bonds, notes and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; and commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations. It is the District's policy to invest in all of the above types of investments. Under existing Kentucky statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general and food service funds except certain trust funds and those funds individually authorized by Board resolution.

PREPAID ASSETS

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

INVENTORY

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost or using the first in, first out (FIFO) method and are expensed when used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

On fund financial statements, inventories are valued at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined using the FIFO method, and are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they do not represent available spendable resources. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated and purchased food.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by proprietary funds are reported on both statement types.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 with the exception of assets acquired with Technology Funds, which there is no threshold, and a useful life of less than 1 year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both governmental fund capital assets and proprietary fund capital assets:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
General equipment	7 years

INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Sales of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets, except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The balance of the liability is not recorded. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is recorded as an expense and liability of the fund.

ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS

The District recognizes as revenues and expenses contributions made by the State of Kentucky for health insurance and flexible spending accounts on behalf of the District's employees. In fiscal year 2009, the State made contributions of \$2,046,798, consisting of \$1,923,084 for governmental funds and \$123,714 for proprietary funds.

ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM DEBT

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported in the government-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE RESERVES

The District records reservations for portions of governmental fund balances which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available spendable resources and therefore not available for appropriation. Unreserved fund balance indicates the portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Reservations of fund balance are established for sick leave, debt service and capital projects.

RESTRICTED RESOURCES

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools and tuition and fees charged for day care operations.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

BUDGETARY PROCESS

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not after fiscal year end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's third party agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, invests funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash and certificates of deposit) was \$2,865,722 and the bank balance was \$4,039,485. The entire bank balance throughout the year was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The deposits were deemed collateralized under Kentucky Law during the year and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts. The following is disclosed:

- a. Name of banks utilized during fiscal year: The Hometown Bank of Corbin, Forcht Bank, The Bank of New York Mellon, Sungard and Banker's Bank.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$6.546.620.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$5,690,047 and occurred during the month of July.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of largest combined balance was \$250,000 per bank.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk.

These three levels of risk are as follows:

Category 1	Deposits, which are insured or collateralized with securities, held by the District or by its agent in
	the District's name.

- Category 2 Deposits, which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.
- Category 3 Deposits, which are not collateralized or insured.

Based on these three levels of risk, all of the District's cash deposits are classified as Category 1 and Category 2.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District. The assessed value of the certified roll, upon which the levy for the 2009 fiscal year was based, was \$508,205,035. The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2009 to finance general fund operations were \$.517 per \$100 valuation for real estate and \$.517 for tangible property. The District committed \$.05 of the levy to the FSPK Fund. Taxes are due on October 1, and become delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2009 were ninety-six percent of the tax levy. Delinquent taxes are allocated to the general fund. The District records taxes receivable only for the amounts collected during the next sixty days from its fiscal year end.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2009, the components of taxes receivable were as follows:

Motor vehicle	•	\$ 21,698
General property tax		28,093
Utilities tax		 43,072
		\$ 92 863

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2009</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	•			
Land	\$ 2,214,534	\$ 146,537	\$ -	\$ 2,361,071
Land improvements	1,607,020	276,507	-	1,883,527
Buildings and improvements	14,081,403	14,414,596	-	28,495,999
Technology equipment	2,147,676	229,886	30,125	2,347,437
Vehicles	1,347,778	120,272	32,695	1,435,355
General equipment	2,103,071	131,110	-	2,234,181
Construction in progress	14,093,936	<u>154,023</u>	<u> 14,068,070</u>	<u> 179,889</u>
Totals at cost	37,595,418	15,472,931	<u>14,130,890</u>	38,937,459
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,278,103	60,435	-	1,338,538
Buildings and improvements	7,870,584	357,572	-	8,228,156
Technology equipment	1,513,349	176,136	30,125	1,659,360
Vehicles	897,096	74,840	32,695	939,241
General equipment	304,976	112,567		417,543
Total accumulated depreciation	11,864,108	781,550	62,820	12,582,838
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	<u>\$ 25,731,310</u>	<u>\$ 14,691,381</u>	<u>\$ 14,068,070</u>	<u>\$ 26,354,621</u>
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Food service equipment	\$ 470,237	\$ 33,918	\$ -	\$ 504,155
Technology equipment	30,371	4,644	-	35,015
Totals at cost	500,608	38,562		539,170

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009
Less accumulated depreciation: Food service equipment Technology equipment Total accumulated depreciation	293,494 13,270 306,764	22,324 2,212 24,536	- - -	315,818 <u>15,482</u> 331,300
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 193,844</u>	<u>\$ 14,026</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 207,870</u>

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 668,776
Support services:	
Student	1,159
Instructional staff	1,516
District administration	6,125
School administration	1,003
Business	2,705
Plant operation and management	22,911
Student transportation	73,025
Community services activities	 4,330
Total governmental activities	\$ 781,550

NOTE 6 - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized as follows:

	Original	Interest
<u>lssue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rates</u>
1998A	620,000	4.5%
1998B	585,000	4.25% to 4.6%
2001	345,000	3.9% to 4.9%
2002	3,380,000	1.4% to 3.2%
2005	530,000	3.1% to 3.6%
2007	15.005.000	3.6% to 4.0%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund), is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Corbin Independent School District and the Corbin Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

In 1990, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2009 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

1/---

		Kentucky			
	Corbin Inc	dependent	School	Facility	
	<u>School</u>	<u>District</u>	Construction	Commission	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009-10	\$ 613,165	\$ 609,077	\$ 82,835	\$ 62,008	\$ 1,367,085
2010-11	633,605	588,369	86,395	58,665	1,367,034
2011-12	658,931	566,894	85,069	55,158	1,366,052
2012-13	684,830	542,327	88,170	51,620	1,366,947
2013-14	705,069	515,109	91,931	47,858	1,359,967
2014-15	735,125	487,069	95,875	43,916	1,361,985
2015-16	763,968	457,803	100,032	39,757	1,361,560
2016-17	793,988	426,559	99,012	35,511	1,355,070
2017-18	825,504	396,772	89,496	31,357	1,343,129
2018-19	856,419	363,712	93,581	27,273	1,340,985
2019-20	892,116	329,433	97,884	22,972	1,342,405
2020-21	928,137	293,748	76,863	18,477	1,317,225
2021-22	967,685	256,593	57,315	15,207	1,296,800
2022-23	1,005,393	217,886	59,607	12,914	1,295,800
2023-24	1,043,008	177,670	61,992	10,530	1,293,200
2024-25	1,085,529	135,950	64,471	8,050	1,294,000
2025-26	1,132,950	92,529	67,050	5,471	1,298,000
2026-27	1,180,268	<u>47,211</u>	69,732	<u>2,789</u>	<u>1,300,000</u>
	<u>\$ 15,505,690</u>	\$ 6,504,711	<u>\$ 1,467,310</u>	<u>\$ 549,533</u>	<u>\$ 24,027,244</u>

In 2007, the District entered into negotiations to purchase computer equipment. A non-interest bearing technology loan in the amount of \$332,044 was obtained through the KISTA New Market Tax Credit Program, and is shown as lease obligations in the accompanying financial statements.

Loan principal in the amount of \$66,409 was paid during the fiscal year, which includes coal severance funds in the amount of \$20,139 awarded to the District to assist with the initial scheduled payments. The assets under capital lease are being depreciated. This depreciation is included in total depreciation expense allocated to governmental functions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The minimum obligations at June 30, 2009 for the lease obligation are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2009-10	\$ 66,409
2010-11	66,409
2011-12	 33,204
	\$ 166,022

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the workers' compensation fund are based on premium rates established by such funds in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro-rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund, however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency). There were no instances of noncompliance noted.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Pension Plan

The Corbin Independent School System contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky ("KTRS"), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. KTRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems and other public educational agencies in Kentucky. KTRS requires that members of KTRS occupy a position requiring either a four (4) year college degree or certification by KY Department of Education (KDE).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 181 Section 220 through Chapter 181 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report can be obtained by writing to Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, KY 40601 or from the KTRS web site at http://ktrs.ky.gov/.

Funding policy – Contribution rates are established by KRS. Members are required to contribute 9.855% of their salaries to KTRS. The Commonwealth of Kentucky is required to contribute 13.105% of salaries. The federal program for any salaries paid by that program pays the matching contributions.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 181.875 requires KTRS to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy – The post-retirement healthcare provided by KTRS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, one and five tenths percent (1.5%) of the gross annual payroll of all active members is contributed. One-half (1/2) of this amount is derived from member contributions and one-half (1/2) from state appropriation. Also, the premiums collected from retirees, as described in the plan description, and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

The Corbin Independent School System's total payroll for the year was \$12,799,061. The payroll for employees covered under KTRS was \$10,099,248. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the Commonwealth contributed \$1,208,066 to KTRS for the benefit of participating employees. The School Districts' contribution to KTRS for the year ending June 30, 2009 was \$116,803, which represents those employees covered by federal programs.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 10 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 11 - TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	From Fund	To Fund	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operating	310	Debt Service	Debt service requirement	\$ 170,065
Operating	1	Special Revenue	Matching, Phase II	47,648
Operating	320	Debt Service	Debt service requirement	1,043,593
Operating	320	Construction Fund	Capital Projects	1,444,291

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 13 - DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

The district had current year operating deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds, as follows:

Seek Capital Outlay Fund	\$ (28,366)
FSPK (Building) Fund	(607,074)
Debt Service Funds	(6,958)

These deficits were a result of operating transfers to pay for capital projects and debt service requirements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

400570 AND DECOUDOFO	Seek Capital Outlay FSPK <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>		Construction <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS AND RESOURCES Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,452,171	\$ 32,040	<u>\$ 1,484,211</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,452,171</u>	\$ 32,040	<u>\$ 1,484,211</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Construction contracts retainage Reserved for debt service Reserved for capital projects	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 98,000 - 1,354,171	\$ - 32,040 	\$ 98,000 32,040 1,354,171
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,452,171</u>	<u>\$ 32,040</u>	<u>\$ 1,484,211</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Seek Capital Outlay Fund	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES From local sources: Taxes	<u>r ana</u>	<u>r ana</u>	<u>1 4114</u>		
Property	\$ -	\$ 754,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 754,920
Earnings on investments Intergovernmental - state	228,509		14,432 -	<u>144,842</u>	14,432 1,499,341
TOTAL REVENUES	228,509	1,880,910	14,432	<u>144,842</u>	2,268,693
EXPENDITURES Plant operation and					
management Facilities acquisition and	71,423	-		-	71,423
construction	15,387	-	829,673	-	845,060
Payment of bonds Payment of interest	-			672,000 <u>693,558</u>	672,000 <u>693,558</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>86,810</u>		<u>829,673</u>	<u>1,365,558</u>	2,282,041
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	141,699	1,880,910	(815,241)	_(1,220,716)	(13,348)
		1,000,910	(010,241)	(1,220,710)	(10,040)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	SES) - <u>(170,065</u>)	- (2,487,98 <u>4</u>)	1,444,291 	1,213,758 	2,658,049 (2,658,049)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(170,065)	(2,487,984)	1,444,291	1,213,7 <u>58</u>	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND			•		
BALANCES	(28,366)	(607,074)	629,050	(6,958)	(13,348)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2008	28,366	607,074	725,121	38,998	<u>1,399,559</u>
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,354,171</u>	<u>\$ 32,040</u>	<u>\$ 1,386,211</u>

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES CORBIN HIGH SCHOOL Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Cash Balances			Interfund	Cash Balances
	July 1, 2008	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	June 30, 2009
ACCOUNTS:					
Academic Boosters	\$ 225	\$ 5,889	\$ 3,580	\$ -	\$ 2,534
Academic Team	•	704	744	40	-
Annual	5,631	15,639	16,789	-	4,481
Art Class	309	1,048	278	(1,048)	31
Art Club	290	720	439	-	571
Athletics	28,867	143,260	147,029	(1,413)	23,685
Band	, -	271	367	96	-
Baseball Field	150	6,910	7,828	768	-
Beta Club	149	4,515	4,947	300	17
Book Rental	-	15,573	15,565	_	8
Boys Camp	6,961	9,301	15,764	-	498
Boys Golf	-	1,184	2,052	1,000	132
Choir	2,104	2,788	3,657	· -	1,235
Cross Country	1,463	, _	1,070	-	393
Dance Team	147	41,755	47,632	5,730	-
Jimmy Durham	-	473	158	· -	315
Equipment Room	44	737	1,388	824	217
FACS	-	2,059	4,230	2,171	-
FBLA	198	1,930	2,038	· -	90
FCCLA	-	5,349	5,702	353	-
Field Trip	-	3,211	3,192	61	80
Flower Fund	-	265	305	40	
Football Camp	33	7,080	6,449	-	664
General Fund	1,630	18,683	15,730	(4,203)	380
Girls Camp	9	11,996	11,947	- '	58
Girls Golf	1,228	669	693	(1,000)	204
Guidance	2	501	150	-	353
Incentives	100	500	-	(600)	-
Junior Class	63	9,278	5,361	(3,980)	-
Cheerleaders	6,256	22,015	27,944	-	327
Library	95	49	[.] 196	52	-
Lost/damaged books	-	451	386	-	65
National Honor Society	-	843	1,243	400	-
Pep Club	_	3,090	2,244	_	846
Practice Field	214	-	, -	_	214
Relay for Life	_··	1,995	1,995	_	-
ROTC	3,490	5,613	6,997	-	2,106
Science Class	-	2,285	2,285	-	, -
Senior Class	-	9,035	9,035	-	-
John Jidoo		-,	3,		

Fund Balances June 30, <u>2009</u>	counts yable ne 30, 009	Pay Jun	vable 30,	Acco Recei June 200
\$ 2,534	-	\$	-	\$
4,481	-		-	
31	-		-	
571	_		_	
23,054	(631)		_	
	-		_	
_	_		_	
17	_		_	
8	-		-	
498	-		-	
132	-		-	
1,235	-		-	
393	-		-	
-	-		-	
315	-		-	
217	-		-	
-	-		-	
90	-		-	
-	-		-	
80	-		-	
-			-	
664 380	-		-	
58 58	-		-	
204	-		-	
353	_		_	
-	-		_	
_	_		_	
327	_		_	
-	_		_	
65	-		-	
-	-		_	
846	-		-	
214	-		- - -	
-	-		-	
2,106	-		-	
-	-		-	
_	_		_	

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) CORBIN HIGH SCHOOL Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Cash Balances		•	Interfund	Cash Balances
	July 1, 2008	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>June 30, 2009</u>
Senior Science	111	43,407	42,389	(600)	529
Softball	-	18,435	18,435	=	-
Speech Club	-	1,473	1,473	-	-
Student Council	-	565	432	-	133
Teachers' Lounge	-	1,906	1,641	-	265
Tech Ed	456	1,975	2,033	(398)	-
Thespian Society	221	4,592	3,756	` -	1,057
Travel	-	855	855	-	-
Tennis-Boys	118	2,442	3,066	600	94
Tennis-Girls	271	6,103	6,045	-	329
Track-Boys	-	1,621	1,066	-	555
Track-Girls	-	1,170	521	-	649
Unite	_	175	175	-	-
Volleyball	932	5,884	6,845	868	839
Weight Room	-	1,000	⁸¹⁵	-	185
Y-Club	-	8,167	8,154	-	13
YSC	11	2,296	2,002	<u>(61</u>)	244
Totals	\$ 61,778	\$ 459,730	\$ 477,112	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 44,396

Accounts Receivable June 30, 2009	Accounts Payable June 30, 2009	Fund Balances June 30, 2009
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>2000</u> 529
_	_	-
_	-	_
-	-	133
-	-	265
-	-	-
_	-	1,057
_	-	-
_	-	94
-		329
-	-	555
-	-	649
-	-	-
-	-	839
-	-	185
-	-	13
	<u> </u>	<u> 244</u>
<u>\$</u>	\$ (631)	<u>\$ 43,765</u>

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES - ACTIVITY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Cash Balances July 1, 2008	<u>Receipts</u>	Disbursements	Interfund <u>Transfers</u>	Cash Balances June 30, 2009
CORBIN MIDDLE SCHOOL All funds	<u>\$ 57,471</u>	<u>\$ 155,524</u>	<u>\$ 173,942</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 39,053</u>
CORBIN PRIMARY SCHOOL All funds	<u>\$ 18,850</u>	<u>\$ 88,384</u>	<u>\$ 78,691</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 28,543</u>
CORBIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL All funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 65,184</u>	<u>\$ 47,751</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17,433</u>
WHITLEY DAY TREATMENT All funds	<u>\$ 1,676</u>	\$ 2,044	<u>\$ 832</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,888
CORBIN INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL All funds	<u>\$ 39,576</u>	<u>\$ 73,348</u>	<u>\$ 90,440</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,484</u>

Accounts Receivable June 30, 2009	Accounts Payable June 30, <u>2009</u>	Fund Balances June 30, <u>2009</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (8,567</u>)	\$ 30,486
<u>\$ 383</u>	<u>\$ (229</u>)	<u>\$ 28,697</u>
<u>\$ 38</u>	<u>\$ (539</u>)	<u>\$ 16,932</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,019</u>)	<u>\$ 1,869</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (30</u>)	<u>\$ 22,454</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Program or <u>Award</u>	Federal <u>Disbursements</u>
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA)				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA,				
Part B)	84.027	3810002-08	\$ 451,380	\$ 411,956 *
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA				
Preschool)	84.173	3800002-08	15,726	1 <u>5,374</u> *
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				427,330
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-08	658,234	598,085 *
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3109B	18,627	18,627 *
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-07	435,849	39,692 *
Title I Program for Neglected and Delinquent			, -	•
Children	84.013	3139	26,248	26,248
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	3500002-07	3,581	533
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and			,	
Communities-State Grants	84.186	3410002-08	9,024	5,411
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and				
Communities-State Grants	84.186	3410002-07	10,754	8,355
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and				
Communities-National Programs	84.184	5349B	148,000	114,038
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and				
Communities-National Programs	84.184	5349D	113,000	113,000
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and				
Communities-National Programs	84.184	5348A	400,000	29,079
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and				
Communities-National Programs	84.184	5348B	148,000	74,473
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	3210002-08	6,197	6,197
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	4620932	17,118	17,118
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	4620832	271	271
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-08	149,461	140,940
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-07	139,419	1,317
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-07	80,000	34,407
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-06	50,000	7,950
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-08	63,314	51,400
Title I, Part A, American Recovery and Reinvestment				
Act	84.389	3919	192,968	60,000
Total U.S. Department of Education				<u>\$ 1,774,471</u>

^{*} Denotes major program

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Program or <u>Award</u>	Federal <u>Disbursements</u>
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through State Department of Education: WIA Jobs for America's Graduates	17.259	274SR09-08	22,700	\$ 22,700
Total U.S. Department of Labor				<u>\$ 22,700</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State Department of Education: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-08 7760005-09	34,106 154,885	\$ 34,106 * 154,885 *
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750003-03 7750002-08 7750002-09	84,918 387,644	84,918 * 387,644 *
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-08 7740023-08	15,384 143,178	15,384 * 143,178 *
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	820,115
Food Donation/Commodities Program Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.550 10.558	057502 7790021-08 7790021-09	57,554 3,256 11,103	57,554 3,256 11,103
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-08 7800016-09	403 1,534	403 1,534
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			,	\$ 893,965
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276	5009	125,000	<u>\$ 77,362</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Serv	vices			<u>\$ 77,362</u>
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Congressionally Identified Awards and Projects	11.469 11.469 11.469 11.469	EF-08-69 EF-08-68 EF-08-67 EF-08-66	3,162 3,549 3,547 3,248	\$ 3,162 3,549 3,547 3,248
Total National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis	tration			<u>\$ 13,506</u>

^{*} Denotes major program

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Program or <u>Award</u>	•	ederal ursements
<u>U.S. Department of Defense</u> Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.000 12.000	5049 5048	53,000 36,955	\$	44,609 6,841
Total U.S. Department of Defense				\$	51,450
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,	<u>833,454</u>

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Corbin Independent School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2009

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Corbin Independent School District.
- 2. No significant deficiencies were disclosed in our audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No material noncompliance was disclosed in our audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No significant deficiencies were disclosed in our audit of internal control over major programs.
- 5. We have issued an unqualified opinion on compliance for major programs.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any audit findings, which we are required to report under Section .510(a) of A-133.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

	<u>CFDA</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	
National School Lunch Program	10.555
School Breakfast Program	10.553
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Corbin Independent School District was determined to be a low risk auditee.

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2009

NONE

Certified Public Accountants (606) 528-2454 (FAX 528-1770)

P.O. Box 663 Corbin, Kentucky 40702

September 15, 2009

Members of the Board of Education Corbin Independent School District Corbin, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the Corbin Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and state audit requirements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Corbin Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements, that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corbin Independent School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which would have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, the Kentucky Department of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Certified Public Accountants

Certified Public Accountants (606) 528-2454 (FAX 528-1770)

P.O. Box 663 Corbin, Kentucky 40702

September 15, 2009

Members of the Board of Education Corbin Independent School District Corbin, Kentucky

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Corbin Independent School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Corbin Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Corbin Independent School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Corbin Independent School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u> and state audit requirements. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Corbin Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Corbin Independent School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Corbin Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in section 3(9)(a)-(w) of the <u>Guide for Auditing Local School Districts' Fiscal Records</u> that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Corbin Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Corbin Independent School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corbin Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in the District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, the Kentucky Department of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Certified Public Accountants

Certified Public Accountants (606) 528-2454 (FAX 528-1770)

P.O. Box 663 Corbin, Kentucky 40702

September 15, 2009

Members of the Board of Education Corbin Independent School District Corbin, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Corbin Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2009, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

During our audit, we became aware of no matters that are required to be noted and all prior year findings were corrected.

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Certified Public Accountants